
Cupertino Amateur Radio Emergency Service

Topic: Operating Changes & PSA Message Handling

Speaker: Jim Oberhofer KN6PE, EC Cupertino ARES

Date: Thursday, 06-January-2005, 19:30

Event: Cupertino ARES meeting, Orientation Training

Operating Changes & PSA Message Handling



Overview of Operations

Operations Phase	Description
Preparedness	CARES members will spend the bulk of their time and is characterized as a period when no emergency situation exists or none is imminent.
Increased readiness	On receiving a warning, or observing that an emergency situation is imminent, or at the request of the City, the CARES can increase its readiness.
Initial Response	CARES is activated by a local declaration of an emergency, or in the event of a self-announcing natural disaster. Usually characterized as the 1 st 8 hours of an event. Initial response will be from the field.
Extended Response	Event will run for an extended time, multiple operational periods. Extended resource and staffing plans are developed.
Recovery  Cupertino ARES/RACES	As the immediate threat to life, property, and the environment subsides and standard comm systems are brought back on line, CARES may be deactivated in part or in its entirety.

Overview of Operations

Initial Response Operations – Overview (SOP 5.1.3)

Initial Response Ops – Objectives

- CARES is formally activated.
- The City EOC management team receives a preliminary safety assessment.
- The Communications Action Plan is developed and approved.

Activities

- CARES members are notified of the emergency
- Cupertino Emergency Net is activated
- Check into the Cupertino Emergency Net; pass traffic when requested
- Individual responders determine their availability to take field assignments
- Report preliminary damage or casualty assessments from your immediate area

Overview of Operations

Conclusions from the 13-Nov-04 S.E.T.

- What information does the EOC need?
- How do we manage the net prior to the EOC coming on-line?
- How does CERT, MRC, and the rest of the community find us?
- How do we handle CERT, MRC, and other walk-in traffic?
 - Collecting
 - Sorting
 - Prioritizing
 - Organizing
 - Transmitting

EOC Operations

Information Management

What we can expect from the Community...

- Requests for assistance will be greater than the City's ability to respond
- Everyone's individual problem will be perceived as their most critical
- We will encounter a range of emotions including: stress, anxiety, anger

What we can expect from the EOC...

- Initial EOC activities will be focused on getting set up, staffed, and developing a situation assessment
- EOC will develop action plans for each operational period...
 - What do they need to know?
 - What needs to get done?
 - What resources do they have or need?
- The focus will be on providing the most good for the most people

EOC Operations

Information Management

Plan...

1. Marsha to work with County Fire, Cupertino Disaster Council to define information requirements
2. CARES, CERT, MRC to integrate requirements into their respective operations plans and drills

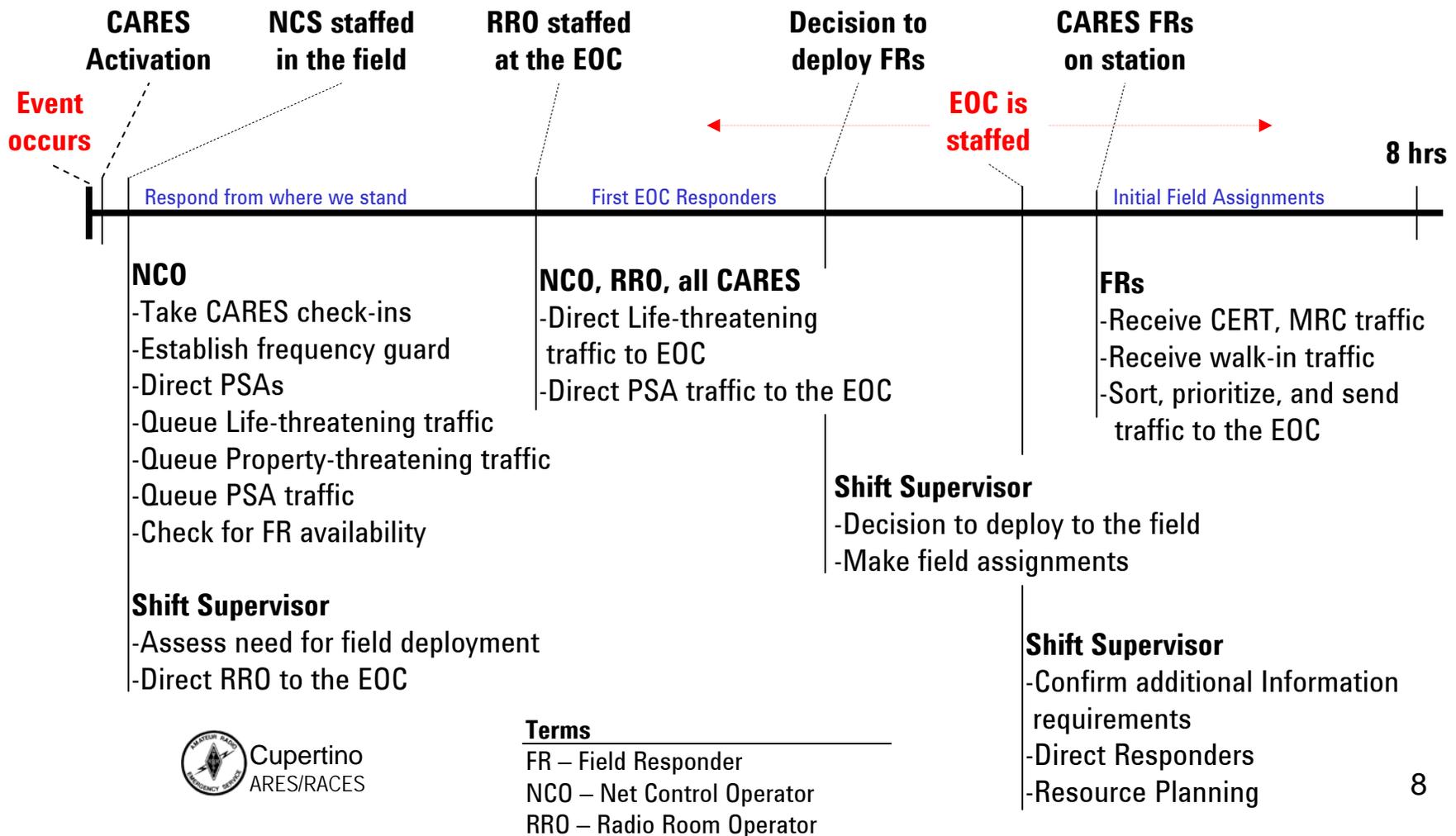
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Message Handling

Refining Initial Response Operations – Self-Evident Event Scenario



Message Handling

1. Activation Authorization

- “During self-announcing natural disasters, CARES members may self-dispatch and commence windshield surveys to provide situation status and preliminary damage assessments provided it is safe to do so.
- “CARES members may also respond to Mutual Aid requests and may become part of the Santa Clara County Operational Area ARES/RACES team.
- “For all other events (natural and man-made), requests for DSWs will be announced via telephone, courier, radio, and television.
- “Volunteers will not respond to any act of terrorism unless specifically requested by the EOC or their City contact person.”



-- Emergency Operations Plan, Part I, Section XI, City of Cupertino

Message Handling

2. Queueing up the traffic

Cupertino Amateur Radio Emergency Service
PART 6 Forms

Standard Operating Procedures

0200F NCS LOG		1. INCIDENT NAME			2. DATE	
		SET			11/13/04	
(3) Msg ID	(4) Priority	(5) Time in	(6) Originating Station	(7) Receiving Station	(8) Time Ack	
01	E	9:40	K66 PTH	EOC		
02	U	10:10	K66 PTH	EOC		
03	U	10:11	u	EOC		
04	U	10:13	K60BK	EOC		
05	U	10:25	K6TUF	EOC		
06	U	10:27	K60BK	EOC		
07	E	10:32	K6TUF	EOC		
08	E	10:36	W2KDX	EOC		
09	E	10:45	K6PJT	EOC		
10	E	10:47	SZD	EO		
11	E	10:48	W2KDX	EOC		
12	U E	10:50	W6TWF	EOC		
13	E	10:5	K6FUZ	EOC		
14	E	10:56	K6TWF	EOC		
15	E	10:58	W2KDX	EOC		
16	E	11:03	K66BPT	EOC		
17	U	11:08	K6TUF	EOC		

Message Handling

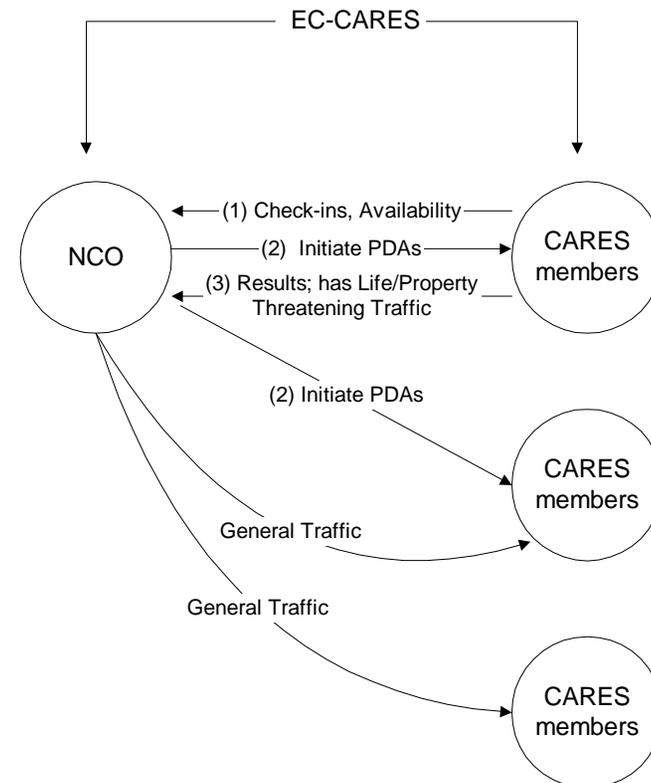
Initial Response Operations – From where we stand

NCO

- Check-ins
- Establish frequency guard
- Direct PSAs
- Queue Life-threatening traffic
- Queue Property-threatening traffic
- Queue PSA Traffic
- Check for FR availability

Shift Supervisor

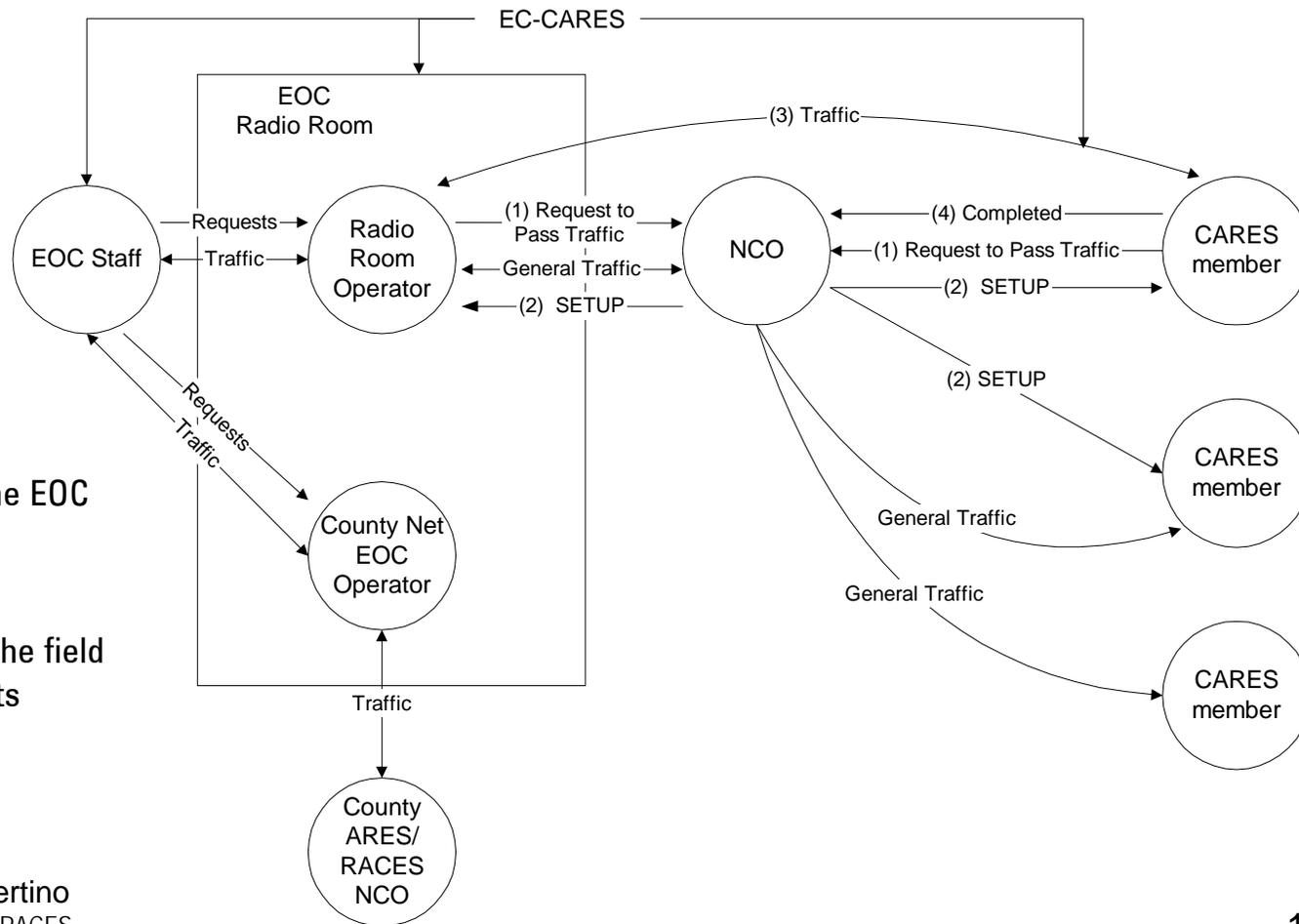
- Assess need for field deployment
- Direct RRO to the EOC



Message Handling

Initial Response Operations

– First EOC Responders, Initial Field Assignments



NCO, RRO, all CARES

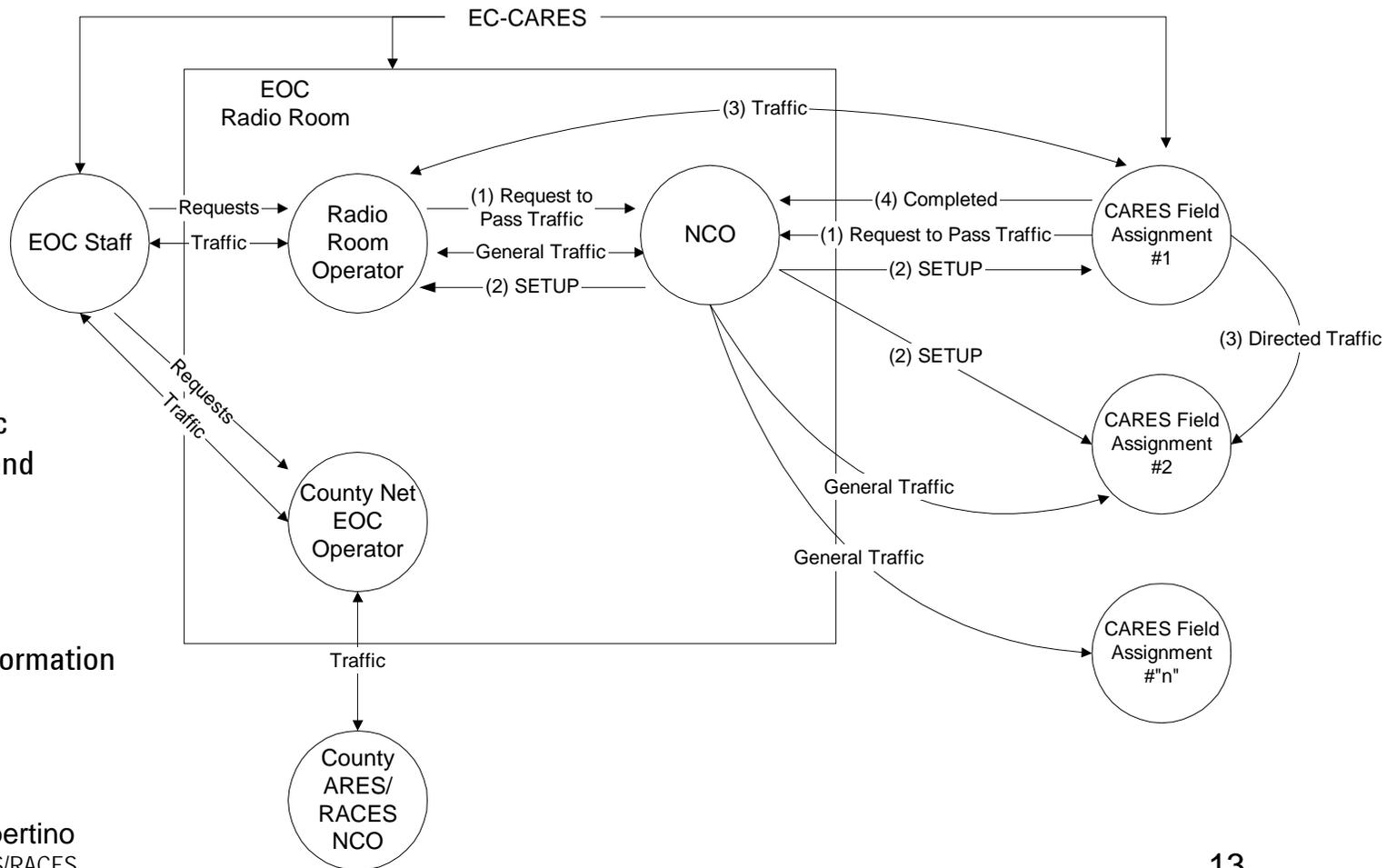
- Direct Life-threatening traffic to EOC
- Direct PSA traffic to the EOC

Shift Supervisor

- Decision to deploy to the field
- Make field assignments

Message Handling

Initial Response Operations – High Traffic Volume



Field Responders

- Receive CERT traffic
- Receive walk-in traffic
- Sort, prioritize, and send traffic to the EOC

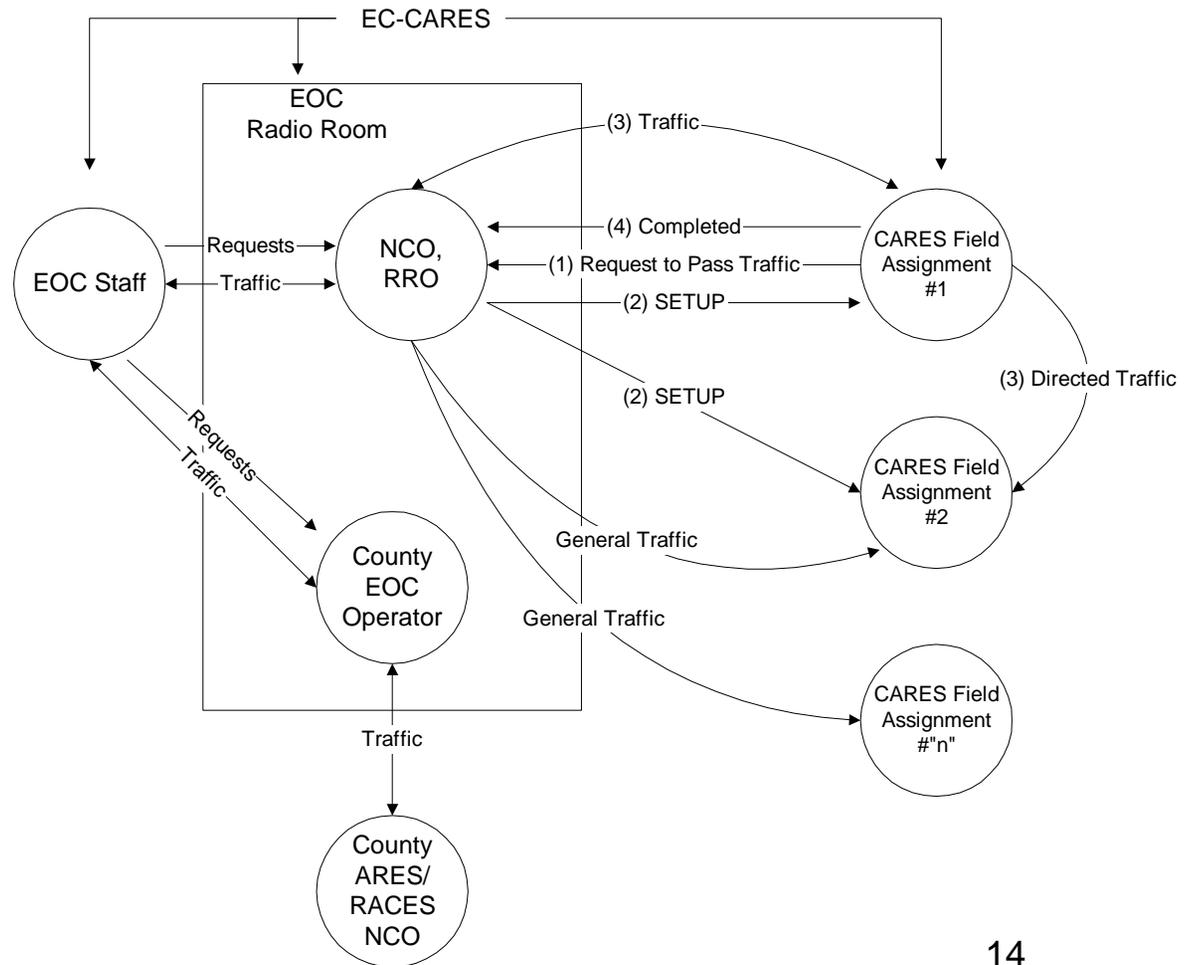
Shift Supervisor

- Confirm additional Information requirements
- Direct Responders
- Resource Planning



Message Handling

Extended Response Operations – Low Traffic Volume



Shift Supervisor, RRO, FRs

- Maintain staffing levels
- Respond to new requests from EOC, Served Agencies
- Pass traffic as required
- Health & Welfare checks with field responders

Overview of Operations

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Field Responder Locations

Initial CARES and CERT Convergence Locations

Purpose

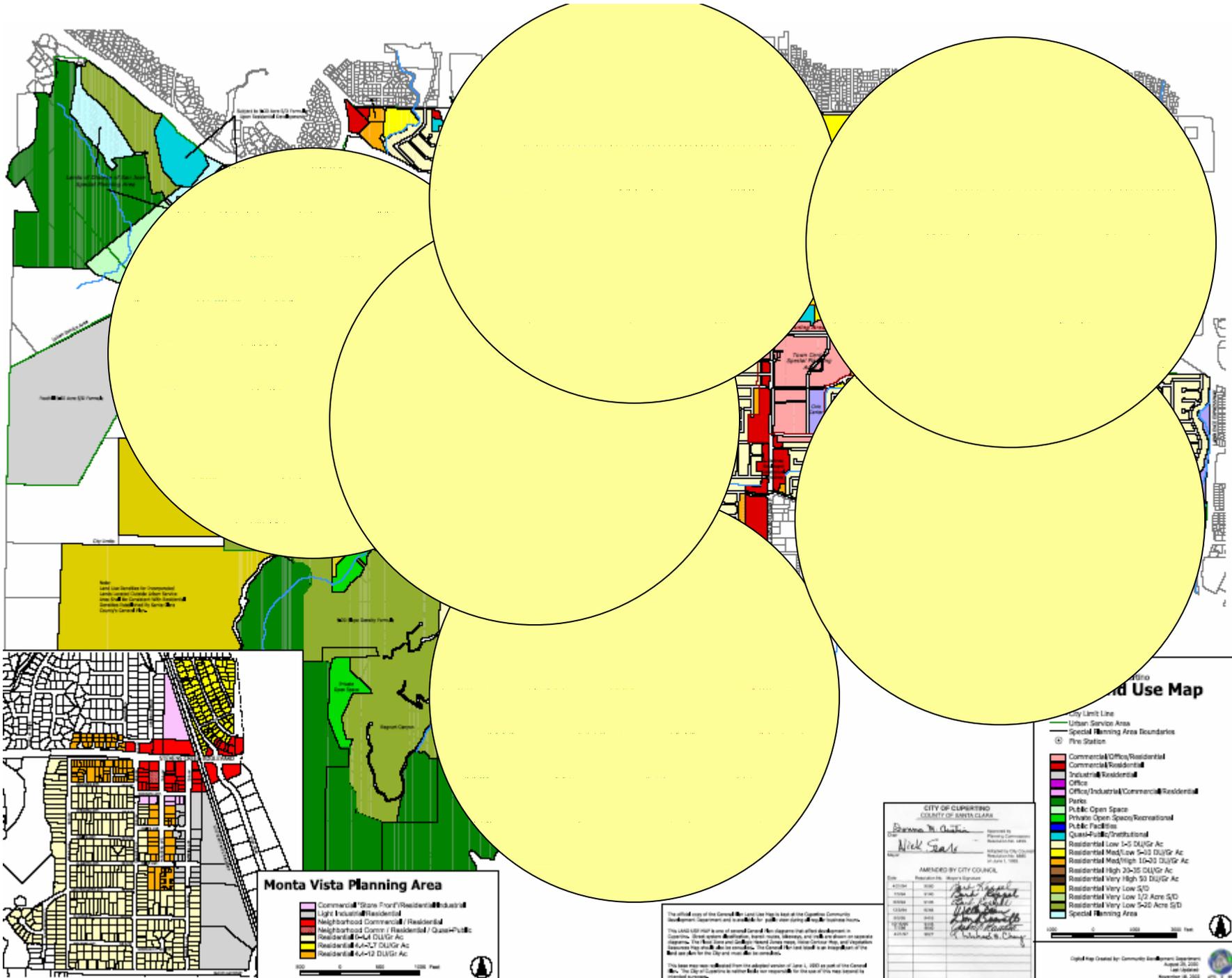
- Support city-wide data collection from CERT, MRC, community walk-ups
- Identify specific locations known by all Cupertino volunteers

ARK Locations

- Valco Shopping Center, behind JCPenny
- Hyde Junior High School
- Garden Gate Elementary School
- Business Location (PENDING – NW corner Bubb and McClellan)

Other Locations

- Seven Springs Fire Station
- Monta Vista Fire Station



Land Use Map

- City Limit Line
- Urban Service Area
- Special Planning Area Boundaries
- Fire Station
- Commercial/Office/Residential
- Commercial/Residential
- Industrial/Residential
- Office
- Office/Industrial/Commercial/Residential
- Parks
- Public Open Space
- Private Open Space/Recreational
- Public Facilities
- Quasi-Highway/Institutional
- Residential Low 1-5 DU/Gr Ac
- Residential Med/Low 5-10 DU/Gr Ac
- Residential Med/High 10-20 DU/Gr Ac
- Residential High 20-35 DU/Gr Ac
- Residential Very High 50 DU/Gr Ac
- Residential Very Low S/D
- Residential Very Low 1/2 Acre S/D
- Residential Very Low 5-10 Acre S/D
- Special Planning Area

- Monta Vista Planning Area**
- Commercial/State Front/Residential/Industrial
 - Light Industrial/Residential
 - Neighborhood Commercial / Residential
 - Neighborhood Center / Residential / Quasi-Public
 - Residential 1-4 DU/Gr Ac
 - Residential 4-6 DU/Gr Ac
 - Residential 6-12 DU/Gr Ac

CITY OF CUPERTINO
COUNTY OF SANTA CLARA

Doreen W. Austin Mayor
Nick Seals Council Member

APPROVED BY CITY COUNCIL
Resolutions: 2009-0009

DATE	BY
8/28/09	2009
8/28/09	2009
8/28/09	2009
8/28/09	2009
8/28/09	2009
8/28/09	2009
8/28/09	2009
8/28/09	2009
8/28/09	2009

APPROVED BY: *Paul Ruppel*
David S. Chung
Richard S. Chung

This official copy of the General Plan and the maps is kept at the Cupertino Community Development Department and is available for public view during all business hours.

This LUG/LUP MAP is one of several General Plans prepared after development in Cupertino. Street systems, boundaries, parks, schools, libraries, and other public facilities are shown on separate maps. The Base Map and the LUG/LUP MAP are shown on separate maps. The Base Map and the LUG/LUP MAP are shown on separate maps. The Base Map and the LUG/LUP MAP are shown on separate maps.

This base map was created from the adopted version of June 1, 2000 as part of the General Plan. The City of Cupertino is neither liable nor responsible for the use of this map based on individual agencies.

Field Responder Locations

Extended Response Operations, other CARES Locations

Purpose

- Support specific requirements of Served Agencies

Resources may be re-deployed as the needs change

- Quinlan Center Shelter
- NovaCare Medical Center
- Cupertino Fire Station
- Seven Springs Fire Station
- Monta Vista Fire Station
- Cupertino Sanitary District
- Various Rover Assignments

Overview of Operations

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Data Collection

CARES Preliminary Safety Assessment Form

Purpose of the Form

- Preliminary Safety Assessment
- Supports the initial information roll-up for the EOC

Approach

- One report submitted by each member
- Aligns with the CERT terminology
- Covers...
 - Medical
 - Structure
 - Hazards, and
 - Access



Cupertino
ARES/RACES

Cupertino Amateur Radio Emergency Service
PART 6 Forms

Standard Operating Procedures

Preliminary Safety Assessment Form – Field

Assessment Date/Time:			Neighborhood/Street:	
Performed by:			Map Coordinates:	
			Number of Units Surveyed:	
Ref	Category	Subcategory	Count	Notes
1.1	Injuries, Minor	Able to walk away from the incident		
1.2	Injuries, Delayed	Regular breathing, and Capillary refill <2 sec, and Answers questions, responds to commands		
1.3	Injuries, Immediate	Rapid Breathing >30/min, or capillary refill >2 sec, or Confused, disoriented		
1.4	Injuries, Presumed Dead	Unconscious, no respiration		
2.1	Structure, Light Damage	• Superficial Damage • Broken Windows • Cracked or fallen plaster • Main damage is to contents		
2.2	Structure, Moderate Damage	• Large amount of cracking on exterior • Small cracks around doors and foundations • No outward sign of structural damage		
2.3	Structure, Heavy Damage	• Partial or full collapse • Building is off foundation • Structural damage to the building		
3.1	Hazards	Fire, Any situation		
3.2	Hazards	Gas Leaks		
3.3	Hazards	Sewer Leaks		
3.4	Hazards	Water Main Breaks		
3.5	Hazards	Electrical Power, Lines Down. Power in the neighborhood?		
4.1	Access	Roads blocked Other Obstructions		

Rev 3.2 8/2/2003

Data Collection

Cupertino City Scan Form (Draft)

Purpose of the Form

- Used by CERT members for damage and injury reporting

Approach

- Piloted during the 13-Nov-04 S.E.T.
- Covers...
 - Medical
 - Structure
 - Hazards



Cupertino City Scan (Draft)

Street name(s) and addresses surveyed

Is the power out? Do you have water pressure?

Walk down the street and identify as much information as possible:

Number of Immediate Injuries

Addresses of collapsed buildings

Addresses of fires

Addresses of Hazards (Gas, electrical, sewer)

Do you have anyone who can volunteer outside the neighborhood?

____ CERT
____ Ham Radio
____ Translator
____ Other skill

* List any special needs on the back

Reported by _____

Address _____ Date/Time _____

Cupertino Fire - Stevens Creek / Vista
Monta Vista Fire - Stevens Creek / Foothill
Seven Springs Fire - Stelling / Seven Springs Pkwy
City Hall - Torre Ave / Rodrigues

Data Collection

Plan to align, converge

Plan

- Develop a common understanding of data collection requirements
- Develop and converge on a common set of data collection tools (forms), i.e.:
 - Summary data collection (for CARES/CERT)
 - Individual data collection (from walk-ins)
- Need alignment of expectations with organized neighborhoods
- Incorporate into existing training plans

Cupertino Walk-in Data Collection

Cupertino City Scan (Draft)

Street name(s) and addressee surveyed

Is the power out? Do you have water pressure?

Walk down the street and identify as much information as possible:

Number of Immediate Injuries

Cupertino Amateur Radio Emergency Service
PARET & Forms

Standard Operating Procedures

Preliminary Safety Assessment Form – Field

Assessment Date/Time:		Digitized/Entered:	
Performed by:		Map Coordinates:	
Ref	Category	Subcategory	Count
1.1	Injuries, Minor	Able to walk away from the incident	
1.2	Injuries, Delayed	Regular breathing, and capillary refill <2 sec, and Answers questions, responds to commands	
1.3	Injuries, Immediate	Rapid Breathing >30/min, or capillary refill >2 sec, or Confused, disoriented	
1.4	Injuries, Presumed Dead	Unconscious, no respiration	
2.1	Structure, Light Damage	• Superficial Damage • Broken Windows • Cracked or fallen plaster • Main damage is to contents	
2.2	Structure, Moderate Damage	• Large amount of cracking on exterior • Small cracks around doors and foundations • No outward sign of structural damage	
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3.2	Hazards	Gas Leaks	
3.3	Hazards	Sewer Leaks	
3.4	Hazards	Water Main Breaks	
3.5	Hazards	Electrical Power, Lines Down, Power in the neighborhood?	
4.1	Access	Roads blocked Other Obstructions	

Rev 3.2 8/2/2003 22





Preliminary Safety Assessment

What is it?

Situation

- The Cupertino EOC needs a rapid assessment of the state of the city so that response resources can be assigned to have the maximum impact.
- During city-wide disasters, regular communications channels may be disrupted, leaving EOC decision-makers with little information to go on.

Preliminary Safety Assessment

What is it?

Response

- CARES is chartered to provide Preliminary Safety Assessment information when a disaster occurs.

Definition

- A Preliminary Safety Assessment report occurs early during an emergency. While information will be fragmented and incomplete, it will provide the City with a preliminary assessment of the damage so the EOC can determine the type of response that must be made to save lives and protect property.
- Early damage assessment reports should not be delayed by getting mired in detail in an effort to obtain more extensive Damage Assessment information.

Preliminary Safety Assessment

When do we use it?

Self-evident Events

- Earthquakes... These events have the potential significant damage throughout the Bay Area.

Non-evident Events

- Flooding... May be localized to a specific area
- Man-made disasters...
- Others?

The PSA Process

1. Once the shaking stops...

Take care of yourself...

... your family...

- Determine the condition of your family; apply first aid if necessary.
- Determine the structural soundness of your home; evacuate if necessary.

... your neighborhood...

- Perform the Preliminary Safety Assessment...
 - What you do depends on your situation.
 - Do not put your personal safety at risk.
 - Do not exceed your physical ability to perform the assessment.

The PSA Process

2. Collecting the data...

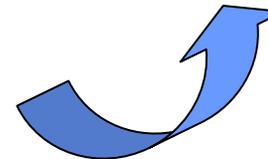
Collect information on...

- Injuries
- Structure damage
- Hazards
- Access
- Number of houses surveyed

Assessment Date/Time:				Neighborhood/Street:
Performed by:				Map Coordinates:
				Number Units Surveyed:
Ref	Category	Subcategory	Count	Comments, Locations, Details
1.1	Injuries, Minor	Able to walk away from the incident		
1.2	Injuries, Delayed	Regular breathing, and capillary refill <2 sec, and answers questions, responds to commands		
1.3	Injuries, Immediate	Rapid Breathing >30/min, or capillary refill >2 sec, or Confused, disoriented		
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2.2	Structure, Moderate Damage	• Large amount of cracking on exterior • Small cracks around doors and foundations • No outward sign of structural damage		
2.3	Structure, Heavy Damage	• Partial or full collapse • Building is off foundation • Structural damage to the building		
3.1	Hazards	Fire: Any fire situation		
3.2	Hazards	Gas Leaks		
3.3	Hazards	Stove Leaks		
3.4	Hazards	Water main breaks		
3.5	Hazards	Electrical Power: Lines down Power in neighborhood?		
4.1	Access	Roads Blocked Other Obstructions		

Using...

- Preliminary Safety Assessment Form



Assessment Date/Time:	Neighborhood/Street:
Performed by:	Map Coordinates:
	Number Units Surveyed:

Ref	Category	Subcategory	Count	Comments, Locations, Details
1.1	Injuries, Minor	Able to walk away from the incident		
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3.4	Hazards	Water main breaks		
3.5	Hazards	Electrical Power; Lines down Power in neighborhood?		
4.1	Access	Roads Blocked Other Obstructions		

The PSA Process

3. *Check into the Net*

- Turn on your radio and listen.
- If you are the first person on the frequency and have the capability to perform as an NCS Operator, establish the CARES Emergency Net.
- Check in to the net when check-ins are requested.

The PSA Process

4. Prepare your Message

- *Message ID* -- Assigned by the NCS Operator
- **Precedence** -- determines the urgency of the message (Life-Threatening, Property-Threatening, Priority, Routine)
- **Destination** -- If omitted, deliver to EOC Planning or Ops Section
- **Date/Time** -- Time the message was created. If omitted, receiving station enters the Date/Time the message was received.
- **Subject** -- Short Title
- **The Message** -- Description of the situation. Includes:
 - » **Report Status** -- (initial, follow-up, final, correction)
 - » **Location** -- Include the neighborhood or street name; Include major cross-street

Message Handling

4a. Precedence (Urgency)

- **Life-threatening:** Situations, reports, and updates that might directly result in deploying or prioritizing resources for an incident involving life-saving efforts. When in doubt, **DO NOT** use this designation.
- **Property threatening:** Situations and reports of new threats, revised flood projections, wind direction changes in a major fire, and reports of additional damage from an earthquake aftershock suggesting additional rescue efforts or surveillance.
- **Priority** -- Includes information such as damage reports, correspondence between agency representatives, material and logistics messages, etc.
- **Routine** -- Includes all other information such as welfare inquiries, routine resource requests, shift planning, requests for relief, etc.

Message Handling

4b. Precedence (Urgency)

Handling Mixed Urgency Messages

- If you have a mix of different message priorities, deliver the specific message priority (Life-Threatening and Property-Threatening) when called.
- Deliver the balance of the report (PRIORITY and ROUTINE) when called.

Message Handling

Preliminary Safety Assessment Drill

- When: Saturday, 5-Feb, 9:00am to 11:00am
- Where: Operate from your home location
- Who: All CARES members, one NCS, one SS
- What:
 1. Pick 4 messages that you think would be typical of your neighborhood.
- How:
 1. Net is called at 9:00a, take check-ins
 2. Simulate going through the assessment process; Use the PSA data collection form.
 3. Over the next hour, CARES members send messages to EOC based on the precedence
 4. On-air critique at about 10:45am
 5. Secure the net by 11:00am



Message Handling

Report Status

- ***Initial*** -- This is the first message you send when making a situation report. If you have ***EMERGENCY*** traffic, then pass this traffic as your first message. If you only have PRIORITY traffic, wait for all ***EMERGENCY*** traffic to be passed.
- ***Follow-up*** -- This is the second and subsequent messages you send. Pass your PRIORITY traffic when NCS calls for it. Reference the Message ID assigned to your *Initial* message.
- ***Final*** -- Let NCS know this is your final message because you are going off-line, being relieved, etc.
- ***Correction*** -- Use this status when you are amending a previously sent message. Reference the original by *Report ID*.

Message Handling

Who does what?

Sending Station

- Creates the message with minimally the (i) Message number, (ii) Precedence, (iii) Subject, and (iv) Text.
- Delivers the message slowly, with breaks.

Receiving Station

- Records the message as sent.
- Acknowledges receipt of the message. May ask for fills or repeats.
- Keeps related messages together.
- Routes the message as directed.

NCS Operator

- Acknowledges stations with traffic and prioritizes by precedence.
- Ensures both sending and receiving station are ready to exchange traffic.
- Assigns the Message ID.

Message Handling

Sending an Emergency Report

KN6PE: “Net Control, this is KN6PE with EMERGENCY Traffic for EOC”

NCS: *KN6PE, acknowledged. EOC, are you ready to copy traffic?*

EOC: “EOC is ready”

NCS: *KN6PE, your message ID is CD-29. Send your traffic to the EOC.*

KN6PE: “EOC, This is Message CD-29.
Subject is: House Fire.
Messages is: House fire at 12345 Woodhill Court. Cross-street
is Prospect and Stelling. Break.”

EOC: “OK, Continue (with the message)”

KN6PE: “One person is trapped inside. Area water pressure
appears to be low. End of Message. This is KN6PE”

EOC: “Acknowledged. This is W9BJX, EOC, back to net.”

NCS: *Other stations with emergency traffic, please identify now.*



Message Handling

Sending an initial Situation Report

KN6PE: “Net Control, this is KN6PE with Priority Traffic for the EOC”

NCS: *KN6PE, acknowledged. EOC, are you ready to copy traffic?*

EOC: “EOC is ready”

NCS: *KN6PE, your message ID is CD-30. Send your traffic to the EOC.*

KN6PE: “EOC, This is Message CD-30.
Subject is: Initial Preliminary Damage Assessment Report.
Location is: Pinebrook Neighborhood.
Message is: No Injuries. 6 houses with Light Damage. 1 house with Heavy Damage. Power is out in the neighborhood. Break.”

EOC: “OK, Continue (with the message)”

KN6PE: “Road the East end of Pinebrook Court. 45 houses surveyed. End of Message. This is KN6PE”

EOC: “Acknowledged. This is W9BJX, EOC, back to net.”

NCS: *Other stations with priority traffic, please identify now.*

Message Handling

Guidelines

As the Sender...

- During an emergency, say as little as possible, yet convey all of the meaning
- Send as fast as you can write it
- Insert Breaks to confirm the message is getting through

As the Receiver...

- Its OK to ask for a “repeat” if you miss any part of a message
- Its OK to ask the sender to slow down